

## Roberts' Defense of Judge Powers

**Eloquent Democrat Takes Up Anonymous Charges of Republican Committee Against Nominee for Congress**

THE report of Mr. Roberts' remarks at the Democratic Lehi meeting, held on last Wednesday evening, was, of course, but a brief synopsis of what he said. Since then, however, The Herald has obtained a verbatim report of what was said in that part of his speech, relating to Judge Powers, and as follows:

"Ladies and Gentlemen—I am conscious that I have already detained you longer than I expected to on this occasion, but I must trespass still further upon your patience while I make reference to our state candidates and to local conditions. In doing so, I begin with the head of our state ticket, the Hon. O. W. Powers, Democratic nominee for congress. Mr. Powers has been a resident of our state for many years, and for a number of years—in fact, from the commencement of its existence in the state—has been identified with the Democratic party. He has served as state chairman through one of the most interesting, and also the most trying, campaign of our history—the campaign of 1885. He has also served the party in the capacity of delegate to the national conventions several times, but for the first time after all these years of service, he is nominated for a political office in this state.

### Time For Recognition.

"A few days before the state Democratic convention which nominated our candidates, I remarked to some of my friends that, in my judgment, the time had come when the Democratic party of Utah must recognize the able services of Judge Powers; and I said to the gentleman himself that in my opinion he would be honored by that convention, and that the honor would come to him in a manner that would be most gratifying. All of which, as you know, came to pass. The Democratic party had but one candidate for the nomination to congress. That candidate was Judge Powers, and he was nominated by acclamation, amid the applause and joy of the representatives of the Democrats of Utah; and, under all the circumstances, whatever may be the outcome of this campaign, Judge Powers will always remember the honor that was conferred upon him on that occasion. He entered into the campaign with high hopes and, of course, it still hopeful, and even buoyant, in his anticipation of success. But much to the surprise and regret, at least of all fair-minded people, irrespective of their being Democrats or Republicans, we find the judge is assailed by the circulation of falsehoods, by charges of bad faith, which must be most painful to him, and he finds it necessary at this stage of the campaign to specify some eight or ten charges against him and stamp them as falsehoods. I think this is most regrettable—that is, that he should be thus assailed and forced to make such a denial. I shall not enter into a formal refutation of all that is said against him, but shall content myself with special reference to one of the charges.

### Some History Recalled.

"But before doing even that, I want to call your attention to a little local history. It is a fact, Judge Powers came here as a federal appointee—and that is true. And it is said that he was opposed to the Mormon people, or at least to some conditions which they regarded as proper, and which the judge believed improper, and contrary to the institutions of the country at large, and contrary to the spirit of our latter-day civilization. He was very vigorous in his opposition to those conditions which he believed destructive of the best interests of the community. It is true; that was his position. That was the position practically of all the Gentile population of our state. That was the position of Judge Varian, who is with me tonight; but, my Mormon friends, we must remember this, that if these gentlemen and all the Gentiles of our community were opposed to our beliefs on some religious and social questions, and to the practices growing out of those beliefs, we also stood opposed to them, and is it not possible that our opposition to them in this controversy was just as offensive to them as theirs was to us in those olden days? But the time came when a settlement of the differences between these two classes must be made. If the interests of Utah were to be the first consideration, I think wise counsels prevailed, and we met together and agreed to let the dead bury their dead; and for the future we all agreed to stand upon the broad plane of American citizenship and hereafter work in the interests of our Utah as an American commonwealth. At this point I do not hesitate to say that any man, of any faith, who will go back on that settlement, and attempt to dig up the old issues of those days is an enemy to the best interests of the state of Utah, and the peace of her people. To go back to those days to find cause of accusation against a candidate now before the people is infamous.

### Mr. Sperry's Duty.

"I hear it is being said that Judge Powers is a man not to be trusted by the people of Utah. The fear is insinuated that he will not be true to her people or her interests; that now, even while a candidate on the Democratic ticket for the high office of representative of this state in the national congress, standing before audiences discussing the campaign issues, that, secretly, he is in league with what is called the American party—that offshoot from the Republican party of this state, that outgrowth of Republican broils which threatens to turn the wheels of progress backward, to resurrect old hatreds and animosities, that we had all hoped were buried—and buried forever—it is said, I repeat, that our candidate for congress is secretly in league with that movement. A worse thing than that could not be said of a man, politically. It will be, if true, an infamy, the climax of perfidy, the ripest fruit of iniquity—ripe even to rottenness. It is the most serious charge that can be made against our candidate, and those who make this charge should understand how serious it is. If there is proof of it, it is imperative that the proof should be made known. The Republican state chairman, Mr. Sperry, a man for whom I have the highest personal regard, does himself great injustice when he stands in the position of shielding the alleged authority for this statement. In my opinion he is wrong in doing a thing that he kind, he owes it to himself to make known the source of his alleged information; but, what is of more importance, he owes it to the entire community of our state to say who it is that makes this charge, that we may have knowledge of the character of his informant, and learn if he is worthy of belief. That person, as yet mythical to our knowledge, should be forced into the open and be made to produce his evidence on the question.

### Charge Is False.

"Now, I shall, for the moment, appear vain enough to say that I believe that I have come to standing in your good



B. H. ROBERTS.

opinion; that you would not at least regard me as speaking without some consideration on such a question, and here and now, from knowledge of Judge Powers, his character, his steadfast adherence to the interests of Democracy and of Utah, I declare to you and pledge my own word of honor that this infamous charge is not true. What right have people to assume—much less to insinuate—that Judge Powers will not be true to the best interests of our people and state? All his interests are identified with this community. Here he has established his professional reputation; here he must succeed or fail. He has reached that mile post along his high way where he cannot think of departing from the road—he has chosen. He cannot pull up stakes in Utah and hope to go to other climes and there begin life anew. While it is true he came here as a federal appointee, he has made his permanent home in our state. Here he married, and his son is a native of Utah, as my sons are, and every tie that can bind a man to a state and its interests holds him here in Utah. Moreover, there are other things which clearly indicate the sincerity of Judge Powers. I have not always agreed with him in his views on political matters and political warfare that has raged in our side at times.

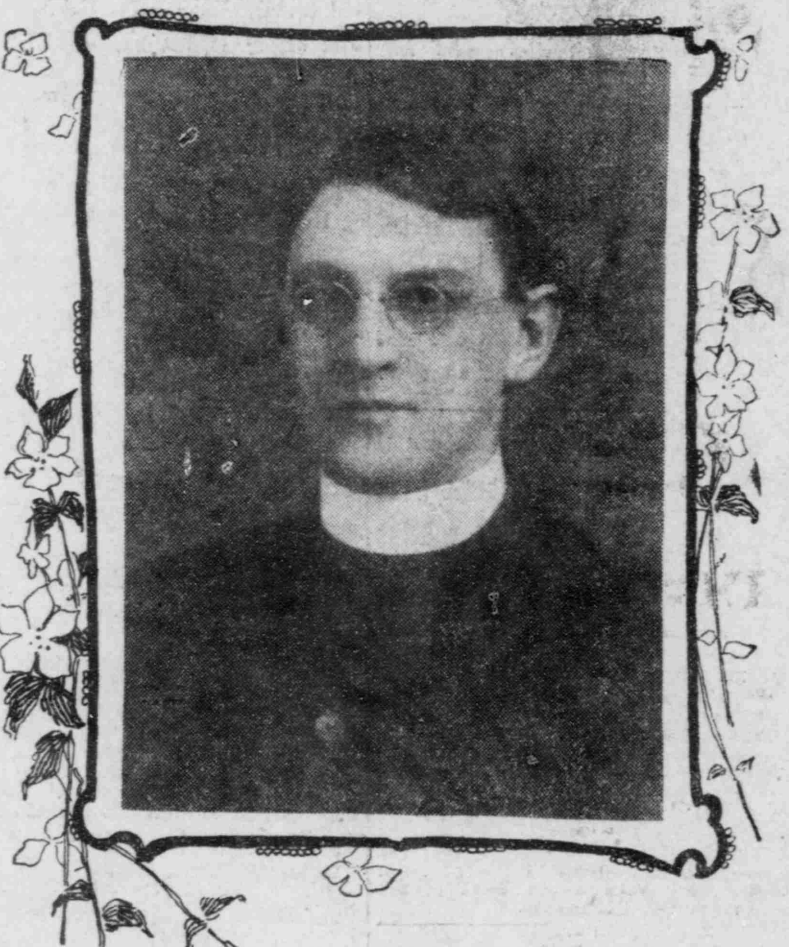
### Always Broad-Minded.

"I have opposed his views, and opposed him, sometimes in private, sometimes in public, but when the matter was settled—sometimes on one side, sometimes on the other—I found him large-minded enough not to allow those differences of opinion to unsettle our friendly relations. When it was supposed at one time in our political experience that there was ecclesiastical interference in politics in this state, Judge Powers bent all his energies against those alleged interferences; but, on the other hand, when some years ago the Democratic party placed in nomination a man for congress—who, it is not vanity to say, was your candidate since he was elected by nearly 6,000 majority—you will perhaps remember, I say, that a most bitter assault was made upon him because of his relations to conditions which had prevailed in the past, and which were the outgrowth of religious beliefs. That warfare made upon him was relentless and cruel to the extreme. Finally, when the highest official in the state lent the weight of his position to that scurrilous warfare, it was Judge Powers who rushed into the arena like a new held Mercury, beating back the assailants. The services then given to the Democratic party and to its nominee were not the result of cold calculations, but from the impulse of the man's nature to come to the aid of one unjustly assailed. The high official's speech referred to was made from the stage of the Salt Lake tabernacle, and the night following Judge Powers was facing an audience who applauded his masterly denunciation of the governor's assault, and this defense he continued throughout the campaign, maintaining standing it involved the risk of the judge being misunderstood by his friends outside of the state of Utah, and his Gentile friends within the state. It would be hard to estimate my part if I did not remember the courage and the ability with which Judge Powers met my assailants; and now I pledge him my word that I will stand all in my power to resist and defeat the dauntless assault that is made upon him; and I only wish that there was some process by which my words spoken here tonight might reach his ears and give him cheer and comfort.

### The Portland Incident.

"We have a more recent illustration of Judge Powers' willingness to defend the people of Utah to settle all issues referred to the people of our state when assailed. We certainly have not yet forgotten the Portland episode, where a paid reprobate, by sly insinuation and impudent innuendo, cast reflections upon the good faith and character of our population—perhaps I ought to say upon our Mormon population, for the insinuations in question were leveled at them. The echo of the words of that assault had not died away when Judge Powers, aflame with righteous indignation, confronted him who uttered them, and was defying him to shift for all in my power to resist and defeat the dauntless assault that is made upon him; and I only wish that there was some process by which my words spoken here tonight might reach his ears and give him cheer and comfort.

## NEW BISHOP OF SALT LAKE



Erie, Pa., Oct. 20.—Franklin Spencer Spalding, recently appointed as bishop of the missionary diocese of Salt Lake, was born in Erie, Pa., March 13, 1865. His father, John Franklin Spalding, was elected missionary bishop of Colorado and Wyoming in 1873. His mother was Lavinia D. Spencer of Erie. The family removed to Denver in February, 1874. Mr. Spalding was educated in the public schools of Denver and prepared for college at Jarvis hall, the church school for boys in Denver. He entered Princeton college in September, 1883, graduated in the class of 1887. He won the first Lynde prize for debating. After graduating he taught for one year in the Princeton preparatory school, and in September of the year 1888 entered the general theological seminary in New York City. He graduated in the class of '91 with the degree of D. D. He was ordained in the Denver cathedral by his father, and became rector of All Saints' church, Denver, which he left to become principal of Jarvis hall military school for boys in Denver. He held this position for four years, and then resigned; and in July 1896 became the rector of St. Paul's church, Erie, which had been his father's parish thirty years before, and of which

he has been rector for the past eight years. The appointment comes to Mr. Spalding at a critical time in his work here. The new Trinity mission, the corner stone of which was but recently laid, is his own particular project, and should he decide to leave, will miss his aid and direction. St. Paul's church has made long strides since Mr. Spalding came to this city and his congregation are a unit in asking him to remain here. He has done many kind acts unostentatiously while here and is deeply beloved by many. The question of whether or not to accept the high honor conferred upon him by the bishops of the church is a most difficult one for Mr. Spalding to decide and he will take plenty of time to make up his mind. As the fact of his appointment became known today he received a large number of letters of congratulation from both the clergy and lay men of this section of the country. Should Mr. Spalding eventually decide to leave Erie, this city and its people will lose a Christian gentleman, an eloquent preacher, a worker for this municipality and the greatest encouragement of many sports that has ever been a resident of Erie.

### MISSIONARY UNION.

Will Meet Thursday in the First M. E. Church.

The members of the Missionary Union will meet at 10:45 a. m. Thursday in the First M. E. church. The morning session will be mainly devoted to hearing reports, the transaction of business and talks by Miss Unger, Mrs. M. E. Baxter, Mrs. George Paul, Mrs. Jennie Pierce, Miss Fannie Thorne and Mrs. Honnald, on "How We Are Interesting Our Young People in Missions." The music, which will be interspersed between the reports and talks, will be led by Mrs. Plummer, and Mrs. Lou Wragg will sing a solo. At the afternoon session Mrs. Bickford will give a "Map Talk on Russia," and Mrs. Ingorsoll will discuss "Women and Foreign Missions." Mrs. Anderson will sing a solo. Then the question, "Does the Summary of This Year's Work Show Real Progress?" will be discussed and answered by the following: Mrs. C. S. Kinney, Baptist; Mrs. Moon, Christian; Miss C. E. Robinson, Methodist; Miss Sylvia Woodmansee, Congregationalist; Mrs. E. B. Chisholm, Presbyterian. Then will follow the report of the committee on nominations.

### FOR SWEET CHARITY'S SAKE.

Meeting This Afternoon to Outline Systematic Work.

Those who are behind the movement feel confident there will be a large and representative gathering of citizens at the Salt Lake theatre this afternoon, to organize the proposed Salt Lake Charities association. A program of musical numbers and speeches has been arranged, and it is expected that a great deal of interest will be shown in the meeting, which will begin promptly at 4 o'clock. It is desired by the promoters that everyone who is interested in seeing the unfortunate poor properly cared for will be present and take part in the proceedings. They announce that no appeal will be made for funds at this meeting, as the business will be confined to the perfecting of the organization which is charged to have general supervision of the charity work of the people of the city.

### CABINET MEETING.

Washington, Oct. 21.—No important business other than that regarding the calling of the peace conference at the Hague was transacted at the meeting of the cabinet today.

## JUSTICE SKINS LAWYER'S NOSE

McOmie of Murray Strikes G. C. Buckle in Court.

### ANGERED BY WORDS USED

MAGISTRATE EXPLAINS WHY HE "ADMINISTERED REBUKE."

During the progress of a civil case at Murray Friday evening J. C. McOmie, the justice who was trying the case, became angered at George C. Buckle of Salt Lake, the defendant's attorney, and, reaching over the desk, struck the attorney on the nose, skinning that member considerably. The justice says that the attorney had been constantly interrupting the proceedings and acting in a most uncivil manner.

"While I was questioning Mr. Buckle's associate, Willard Hamer," said Justice McOmie, "the former continually interrupted. Once Mr. Hamer was obliged to push Mr. Buckle down into his chair and beg him to be quiet. My own admonishments did no good, so I simply leaned over the bar and administered a rebuke to Buckle. He asked for a change of venue some time ago, but would not pay the costs of such action. The papers have been lying on my desk for four weeks, waiting for him to pay the costs. The case has been continued four times, principally on this account. I have adjourned the case because he did not come out here to plead."

The plaintiff in the suit is Francis G. Luke. The Buckle side of the matter is identified with this community. Here he has several times with his client only to have the justice postpone the case. Attorney Buckle was of the opinion that the collection agency purposely had the case continued numerous times so that the debtor would grow tired of journeying out to Murray and would pay the bill. Mr. Buckle was angered at the continued adjournments and proceeded to speak his mind to the court, whereupon his honor answered with the blow. Buckle did not strike back, as he is a young man and the justice is gray-haired.

### MEN ALL DISCHARGED.

Schenectady, N. Y., Oct. 22.—Notice was posted in all of the shops of the American Locomotive company tonight to the effect that men on piece work would no longer be needed. It is said that next week the entire plant will be closed.

## OFFICE CLOSED; BROKER GONE

Cummings Commission Company Quits the Field.

### DOMESTIC TROUBLE IS CAUSE

MANAGER LEFT FOR ST. PAUL ON WEDNESDAY.

The Cummings Commission company is a thing of the past and the manager, Clarence V. Cummings, is no longer a resident of Salt Lake. A wire came from him from St. Paul, Minn., yesterday to one of his former employees in this city, telling him to sell the furniture, except the roller top desk, the sofa and the large office chair, and to close the office in room 211-212 D. F. Walker building. The roller top desk, the sofa and the chair are to be forwarded to him in St. Paul.

Those most closely associated with Mr. Cummings during his residence in Salt Lake say that domestic trouble was the cause of his departure from the city. When he came here from Helena in December he was accompanied by his wife. Recently, however, according to the statements of those intimate with the family a second woman appeared on the scene from the east, claiming to be his wife, also. She was accompanied by a little boy of 5 years. The stories aloft go so far as to assert that the woman first in the field in Salt Lake attempted suicide in an apartment house on West Temple street the week of the state fair, but that the dose of poison was too large and her life was saved. The other woman and the little boy left this city for Denver a short time ago.

### Demand For Money Met.

Cummings left for the east on Wednesday. So far as is known at this time his accounts were straight. A customer came in from Logan since the departure of Cummings and collected the sum of \$1,800 from William Newell, who was left in charge of the office. Newell said yesterday when seen in his office that Cummings was out of the city for five days, but would be back. He said the business was being closed up and that all accounts had been paid.

Cummings set himself up in the commission business in St. Paul in December last. He came from Helena, where he had been in similar business. He established his main office in Salt Lake with branches in Logan, Ogden, Park City, Evanston, Pocatello, Boise, Ogden and Provo. The firm did little business in Salt Lake and depended almost wholly on the business from the outside points. Evidently this was not satisfactory, as all the outside branches were closed with the exception of those at Logan and Provo. These remained open till the end came.

### Had a Broad Plan.

The offices on the second floor of the D. F. Walker building were well fitted up and there it was the intention of Cummings and those associated with him to build up an extensive brokerage business in stocks and grain. Quite a dash was cut for a time with two stenographers in the office and a respectable force to drum up business and handle it in the office under the direction of Cummings himself. Cummings is a brother of A. J. Cummings, a prominent commission manager of St. Paul, Minn. He came to the west from that place originally, and the supposition is that he has returned there to open business in that city.

## CAN'T GET SANTA FE

Harriman Will Not Secure Control at Annual Meeting, Says a Director.

Topeka, Kan., Oct. 22.—It is regarded as practically settled that the Harriman interests will not secure the control of the Santa Fe directorate at the stockholders' meeting in this city next Wednesday.

General Solicitor Kenna says it may be possible for Harriman to gain control, but that the present directors expect to be chosen again.

The directors whose terms expire this year include General Solicitor E. D. Kenna, Edward J. Berwind of New York, R. C. Jones of Wichita and H. Somers Hayes of New York.

### Railroad Notes.

Frank A. Wardleigh, formerly general passenger agent for the Rio Grande Western in this city, will return to his first love and accept the position recently made vacant by the resignation of T. E. Seay, assistant general passenger agent in Denver. He will assume his new duties Nov. 1.

Daniel S. Spencer, assistant general passenger and ticket agent of the Shore Line, returned yesterday from the east where he had been on vacation. Most of the time away from Salt Lake was spent in Chicago and the world's fair. He is convinced that the fair is a wonder.

### PROMISES TO REHANG DOORS

J. E. Dooly Says Those on Postoffice Will Swing Outward.

Now that Uncle Sam has put it to its laud in regard to the doors on the postoffice building, Inspector F. W. Lewis has notified the manager of the Dooly block that the doors must swing outward to comply with the city ordinance. Mr. Dooly, owner of the building, stated that he would rehange the four east doors and the four west doors and halt up the two middle ones. The law will then be complied with.

Several months ago, when the building inspector notified Mr. Dooly that the doors of the postoffice must no longer swing inward, he gave as his excuse for not complying with the law that the postal authorities had ordered that the doors be hung that way and he had no power to change them. The building inspector wrote to the post-office department about the matter and a few days ago Postmaster Thomas received a letter from Washington stating that it was the duty of the owner of the building to see that the ordinance was complied with.

### METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Yesterday's Record at the Local Office of the Weather Bureau. Maximum temperature, 61 degrees; minimum temperature, 40 degrees; mean temperature, 50 degrees, which is 2 degrees below the normal. Accumulated deficiency of temperature since Jan. 1, 10 degrees. Total precipitation from 6 p. m. to 6 p. m. none. Accumulated excess of precipitation since the first of the month, 1.44 inch. Accumulated excess of precipitation since the last of January, 2.61 inches.

### TO OPEN NIGHT SCHOOL.

Instruction to Be Given in Shorthand and Typewriting.

The Stenographers' club has decided to open a night school for the benefit of those desiring to become proficient in shorthand and typewriting. Tues-

## SUITS FOR GOOD DRESSERS

A dressy man wants a suit that is stylish, snappy and smart—the individuality, tone and style of the suit are most important factors. No matter what price you pay us, you will find these characteristics in our clothing. The idea of thinking that the only way to get style in a suit is by paying fancy prices is a fallacy. There isn't a tailor in this town that can put more style into a suit than those we sell for.

\$15 to \$35

**Liege**

61-63-65 Main Street

## WITH YOUR LUNCH

Try a cool glass of FISHER BEER—you will find it a good appetizer as well as a pleasant beverage. Every bottle is automatically Sterilized. In FIFTS or QUARTS. Phone 265.

**A. Fisher Brewing Co.**

## THAT ACORN RANGE

Was auctioned yesterday for \$33 to B. F. Nolan, 769 First street. One ton of "that good coal" went with it, free. Next Saturday—another auction—another Acorn bargain—but no coal.

**BRUBAKER-CAMPBELL HARDWARE COMPANY,**

"The Popular Hardware Store." 27-29 W. Third South Street. Phone 1637-K.

## Hamilton's New Coats

### JUST RECEIVED

|                    |         |
|--------------------|---------|
| Fancy Cravenettes  | \$14.75 |
| and Rain Coats     | \$19.50 |
| Special for Monday | \$24.50 |
| Smart Top Coats    | \$32.75 |
| in Coverts and     | \$ 9.75 |
| Mixtures . . .     | \$12.50 |
|                    | \$18.50 |
|                    | \$24.75 |

One lot of Handsome Velvet Broadcloths, and gent's materials in all our new tailor-made suits, ranging from \$15.00 to \$50.00.

These Are Special Suits at These Prices

Which we will offer Monday and Tuesday.

Handsome New Waist and Walking Skirts and special lots for these Sale Days. Smart Street Hats, \$2.00 to \$3.00.

**Hamilton's**  
CORRECT DRESS FOR WOMEN.  
216 SOUTH MAIN ST.

day evening of each week will be devoted exclusively to practice and instruction in these branches, while the social functions of the club will be held Wednesday evening. At the last regular meeting, which was held Thursday evening, the following were elected officers for the ensuing term: President, A. L. Johnson; secretary, Lulu Mendenhall; vice president, Minnie Allen; treasurer, E. Williams; press agent, Imer Pett; chairman programme committee, Isabel Jones.

**SAMUEL M. READ DIES.**  
Old Resident Passes Away in Nephri, of Pneumonia.  
Word was received from Nephri yesterday of the death of the late Samuel M. Read Friday of pneumonia, at the age of 63 years. He was born in London, England, Oct. 13, 1841. The deceased was well known in Salt Lake. He was a brother of Mrs. O. P. Arnold, W. P. Read and Mrs. John Snell of this city.

The funeral will be held Monday morning at 11 o'clock at the family home in Nephri.

Royal Bread won its popularity on merit. All grocers sell it. None genuine without our label with the crown.

### WE CANNOT PREVENT

Thousands of our patrons praising our Perfect Work. It's yours for the call. TROY LAUNDRY, 186 Main St. Both Phones 192.

**ROCK SPRINGS "PEACOCK" COAL.**  
It all burns. Try it. Central Coal & Coke Co., 142 South Main; both Phones 2600, 66 West Second South; both phones 508.

**Modern Plumbing.**  
At moderate prices. George G. Doyle & Co., 211 State street. Phone 162.

### DIAMOND COAL.

Sold only by Citizens' Coal company, 52 West Second South. Tel. 49.

### CARD OF THANKS.

I wish to thank my friends and neighbors who assisted me so kindly in my sad bereavement.  
WILLIAM T. HART.

### NEW WALL PAPER.

One car, consisting of 40,000 rolls, has just arrived. The patterns are most artistic in design and coloring. The only new lot of new goods in the city. GEO. W. EBBERT & CO., 57 Main St. Both phones.